

# Police seize more than 23 grams of meth from St. Louis man

**By Tom Marshall  
Senior Advocate  
writer**

Authorities allegedly found 23.8 grams of methamphetamine and other drugs on a St. Louis, Mo., man who was arrested July 14 by Mt. Sterling Police, according to a uniform citation filed by the arresting officer.

Jeremy R. Moyers, 47, was charged with trafficking in legend drugs, first offense; possession of drug paraphernalia; trafficking in a

controlled substance, first-degree, first offense, drug unspecified; no registration plates, failure to or improper signal; failure to wear seat belts; and trafficking in a controlled substance, first-degree, first offense, equal to or more than two grams of methamphetamine.

He was lodged in the Montgomery County Regional Jail.

According to the citation filed by MSPD Officer Cody McDaniel, the officer stopped the

vehicle at 12:32 p.m. near the 110 marker of Interstate 64 after the driver allegedly changed lanes without a signal.

Moyers was reportedly driving a 2006 black GMC Denali, according to the citation.

When McDaniel made contact with Moyers, the citation claims a small jar of marijuana was allegedly found in the front seat.

McDaniel states in the citation he requested documents and asked Moyers to step out of the

vehicle and come back to his.

The citation alleges Moyers appeared very nervous and that his hands were reportedly shaking. It also alleges Moyers was sweating badly even though he reportedly had the AC on high, the citation say.

Moyers reportedly told McDaniels he was going to Washington, D.C., to make some changes, but the citation claims he had no luggage inside the vehicle.

McDaniels says in

the citation he asked if he could search the vehicle and Moyers reportedly stated that he didn't want him to.

The citation claims McDaniels deployed his K9 and it gave a conditioned response to the odor of narcotics allegedly coming from the vehicle.

McDaniels states in the citation he then searched the vehicle and allegedly located several pills in an unmarked bottle, as well as a white bottle with a clear crys-



**Jeremy Moyers**  
talline substance consistent with suspected methamphetamine. Total weight was 23.8 grams with bag, according to the citation.

## Dispose of empty plastic chemical containers properly Sept. 4

Many farmers will have several empty plastic pesticide containers to dispose of. In order to dispose of these containers properly, the Montgomery County Extension Service in cooperation with the Kentucky Dept. of Agriculture have a date for farmers to bring in their empty containers for collection and recycling.

The collection site for Montgomery County will be the Montgomery County Extension Office parking lot and the date farmers can bring in their empty containers will be Thursday, Sept. 4, from 10 a.m. until noon. Farmers can only bring the containers in during this date and time, so mark your calendars.

The containers that will be accepted will include any empty plastic pesticide container, not exceeding 5 gallons in size. All containers must be triple rinsed or pressure rinsed with water. The caps and loose label booklets must be

removed. All containers will be inspected as they are unloaded and any that have colored liquid or caked product inside will not be accepted. Remember to mark your calendar for the Rinse and Return Program and for more information contact your Montgomery County Extension Office.

**USING WHEAT FOR GRAZING**

It may surprise you that producers use as much as 25 percent of Kentucky's wheat crop for forage or cover crops rather than harvesting it for grain. Wheat is a very attractive option to forage and livestock producers because it is winter hardy, planted later in the fall and adapted to most soils in Kentucky.

Livestock can graze wheat as forage in the fall and spring. The crop performs best as a forage on ground that is limed to a pH of at least 6.4 or higher and fertilized according to soil

test recommendations. If you plan to graze the wheat, splitting the nitrogen application between fall and spring will increase total forage production. Make the fall application before seeding and a late winter/early spring application to stimulate early spring growth.


If you plan to harvest wheat for a stored forage such as hay, baleage or silage, soil test each year and fertilize based on test results. Wheat harvest will remove nutrients from the soil.

If you plan to have livestock graze wheat in the fall, plant it in September or as early as your crop rotation and soil moisture allow. Be aware that this early planted wheat is at a greater risk for aphids, which can transmit barley yellow dwarf virus. Since the wheat is grazed by livestock when it is in a vegetative state, it should be protected from Hessian fly damage if only used for grazing.


Plant wheat used for stored forages after the Hessian fly free date in October. This date varies each year but most often occurs by Oct. 15. Plant wheat two to 2.5 bushels per acre and 1 to 2 inches deep using a no-till drill into crop stubble or by broadcasting seed and lightly discing the ground to get the seeds at the proper soil depth.


Wait to turn livestock into wheat pastures until the plants are well established and at least 6 to 8 inches tall. Monitor fields for wetness and trampling of plants by the livestock. This is especially a concern during spring grazing. Only allow livestock to graze plants to 3 to 4 inches and allow the forage to recover to 6 to 8 inches long before grazing again. Small grains fit well into rotational grazing systems as they recover and increase production similar to pasture grasses.

If you still want to get a grain crop from the wheat, only allow live-



University of Kentucky  
College of Agriculture,  
Food and Environment  
Cooperative Extension Service





### Extension Notes

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**GARY HAMILTON**  
Montgomery County Extension Office

stock to graze it lightly in the early spring. Do not graze wheat after plants reach the Feekes 6 growth stage, which is when the first node is visible above the soil surface and at the beginning of stem elongation. Grazing after this stage removes the growing point and prevents the seed heads from developing.

For the best quality stored forages, harvest the crop at the boot to early head stage. Early cut wheat will ensile easier because it contains higher amounts of fermentable carbohydrates and forms denser bales. Feed early cut wheat to livestock with high nutrient needs like calves or lactating cows.

Nitrate poisoning is very unlikely under normal plant growth and

weather conditions. However, periods of cool, cloudy weather, hail damage, frost and drought can cause nitrates to accumulate in wheat. The ensiling process removes about 50 percent of nitrates and reduces toxicity risk.

More information on using wheat for forage is available in the University of Kentucky publication AGR 263: Growing Wheat for Forage. It is available online at <https://bit.ly/3eK5Z9x> or by contacting the Montgomery County office of the UK Cooperative Extension Service. *Source: Jimmy Henning, Chris Teutsch, Ray Smith, UK extension forage specialists and Tim Phillips, UK plant breeding and genetics.*

## Child Find for children with disabilities in need of Special Education or 504 Services

The Montgomery County School District keeps educational records in a secure location in each school and board office.

The Montgomery County School District obtains written consent from a parent or eligible student (age 18 or who is attending a postsecondary institution), before disclosing personally identifiable information to an entity or individual not authorized to receive it under FERPA.

For students who have been determined eligible for Special Education, educational records will be destroyed at the request of the parents when they are no longer needed to provide educational programs or services. The Montgomery County School District may destroy the educational records of a child without parent request three years after they are no longer needed to provide educational programs or services. The Montgomery County School District may retain, for an indefinite period of time, a record of the student's name, address, telephone number, grades, attendance records, classes attended, grade level completed and year completed.

Children eligible for

Special Education include those children with disabilities who have autism, deaf-blindness, developmental delay, emotional-behavior disability, hearing impairment, mental disability, multiple disabilities, orthopedic impairment, other health impairment, specific learning disability, speech or language impairment, traumatic brain injury or visual impairment and who because of such an impairment need Special Education services.

Children eligible for 504 services include those children in a public elementary and secondary education program who have a current physical or mental impairment that currently substantially limits some major life activity which causes the student's ability to access the school environment or school activities to be substantially limited.

Children eligible for the State-Funded Preschool program include 3- and 4-year-old children identified with disabilities and 4-year-old children who are at-risk, as defined by federal poverty levels up to 150 percent. Preschool children eligible for special education must have an Individual Education Plan (IEP) instead of a 504 plan to receive State-Funded Preschool program services.

The Montgomery County School District

has an ongoing "Child Find" system, which is designed to locate, identify and evaluate any child residing in a home, facility or residence within its geographical boundaries, age 3 to 21 years, who may have a disability and be in need of Special Education or 504 services. This includes children who are not in school; those who are in public, private or home school; those who are highly mobile such as children who are migrant or homeless; and those who are advancing from grade to grade, who may need but are not receiving Special Education or 504 services.

The district's "Child Find" system includes children with disabilities attending private or home schools within the school district boundaries who may need special education services.

The Montgomery County School District will make sure any child enrolled in its district who qualifies for Special Education or 504 services, regardless of how severe the disability, is provided appropriate Special Education or 504 services at no cost to the parents of the child.

Parents, relatives, public and private agency employees and concerned citizens are urged to help the Montgomery County School District find any child who may have a dis-

ability and need Special Education or 504 services. The district needs to know the name and age, or date of birth of the child; the name, address and phone number(s) of the parents or guardian; the possible disability; and other information to determine if Special Education or 504 services are needed.

Letters and phone calls are some of the ways the Montgomery County School District collects the information needed. The information the school District collects will be used to contact the parents of the child and find out if the child needs to be evaluated or referred for Special Education or 504 services.

If you know of a child who lives within the boundaries of the Montgomery County School District, who may have a disability, and may need but is not receiving Special Education or 504 services, please call Marti Escalante or send the information to:

Marti Escalante  
Director of Special Education  
Montgomery County Schools  
3400 Indian Mound Drive  
Mt. Sterling, Ky., 40353  
Phone 859-497-8760

Sierra Martin  
Section 504 Coordinator  
Montgomery County

Schools  
3400 Indian Mound Drive  
Mt. Sterling, Ky., 40353  
Phone 859-497-8760

If you know of a child who attends a private or home school within the boundaries of the Montgomery County School District, who may have a disability, and may need but is not receiving Special Education services, please Marti Escalante or send the information to:

Marti Escalante  
Director of Special Education  
Montgomery County Schools  
3400 Indian Mound Drive  
Mt. Sterling, Ky., 40353  
Phone 859-497-8760.

"Child Find" activities will continue throughout the school year. As part of these efforts the Montgomery County School District will use screening information, student records and basic assessment information it collects on all children in the district to help locate those children who have a disability and need Special Education or 504 services. Any information the district collects through "Child Find" is maintained confidentially.

Written policies and procedures have been developed that describe the district's require-

ments regarding the confidentiality of personally identifiable information and "Child Find" activities. There are copies in the principal's office of each school, and in the Board of Education office. Copies of these Policies and Procedures may be obtained by contacting:

Chris Barnett  
Director of Pupil Personnel  
Montgomery County Schools  
3400 Indian Mound Drive  
Mt. Sterling, Ky., 40353  
Phone 859-497-8760.

The district office is open Monday through Friday, from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.

The Montgomery County School District provides a public notice in the native language or other mode of communication of the various populations in the geographical boundaries of the district to the extent feasible.

If you know of someone who may need this notice translated to another language, given orally or delivered in some other manner or mode of communication, please contact the Director of Pupil Personnel, the Director of Special Education or the Section 504 Coordinator at the address or phone number listed above for the Montgomery County Schools.